

Spunta.

MARKET SEGMENT



Early maincrop ware variety with good heat tolerance, good virus resistance and producing high yields.

- ▶ Large tubers
- ▶ Uniform tuber size
- ▶ High dry matter content



CHARACTERISTICS

General characteristics

Breeder: -

Crossing: BEA x USDA 96-56

Seedling: Oldenburger 57-88

Breeder rights: Expired

Plant and tuber characteristics

Maturity: early maincrop / 6

Light sprout colour: blue violet

Flower colour: white

Number of berries: above average / 6,5

Foliage: - initial development: fast / 8

Foliage: - final development: good / 8

Foliage: - selectability: average / 6,5

Foliage: - plant firmness: quite firm / 7,5

Flesh colour: light yellow / 6

Skin colour: yellow

Skin finish: average / 6

Tuber size: large / 8

Tuber shape: long

Regularity of tuber shape: quite regular / 6

Tuberisation: average / 6

Regularity size: regular / 7

Sensitivity and quality

Dormancy: average / 6

Metribuzin: slightly to not sensitive / 8

Bentazon: - / -

Ethylene: - / -

Secondary growth: quite sensitive / 6

Growth cracks: slightly sensitive / 7

Black spot (internal bruising): slightly sensitive / 7

Harvest damage: very sensitive / 4

Underwater weight: 387

Dry matter content: 21%

Dry matter distribution: - / -

TGA - level: -

Crisping quality: below average / 5,5

Fries quality: average / 6

Cooking type: floury / BC

Raw discolouration: - / -

Discolouration after cooking: quite sensitive / 6,5



www.agrico.nl/en/spunta

HOW TO GROW

Fertilization¹

Nitrogen: standard advice - 10%.

Phosphate: standard advice.

Potassium: standard advice + 10%.

¹ Level of fertilization is based on soil analysis

Seed treatment

Desprouting more than once can have a negative impact on yield and size regularity. Proper pre-sprouting after taking off the top sprout can give a positive result on the tuber set.

Planting distance

28/35 mm: 27 cm (50,000 plants/ha)

35/55 mm: 33 cm (40,000 plants/ha)

Weeds

After emerge, a standard use of metribuzin (Sencor) doesn't give foliage reaction or yield reduction.

Fungicides

A preventive spraying schedule against late blight is advised.

Harvest

Due to its sensitivity scores for black spot and/or harvest damage, wait at least three weeks after haulm killing before harvest.

Storage

Preferred storage temperature is 5 °C. Suitable for medium term storage.



Say potato,
say **Agrico.**

Resistances

Golden nematode Ro 1/4: - / -

Golden nematode Ro 2/3: - / -

White nematode Pa 2: susceptible / 2

White nematode Pa 3: susceptible / 2

Late blight-foliage: susceptible / 5,5

Late blight-tuber: susceptible / 5

Common scab: susceptible / 5

Powdery scab: susceptible / 5

Fusarium: susceptible / 5,5

Erwinia: susceptible / 5

Black dot: - / -

Spraing: slightly susceptible / 6

Virus - Leaf Roll: slightly susceptible / 6

Virus - A: slightly to not susceptible / 9

Virus - X: slightly susceptible / 6,5

Virus - Yn: slightly susceptible / 6

Virus - Yntn: slightly susceptible / 6

Wart disease F1: resistant / 10

Wart disease F6: - / -

Wart disease F18: - / -