

Maincrop, yellow fleshed, processing variety with a good yield and a very stable quality.

- Excellent frying quality
- Multiple virus resistances
- Good storability







Processing
French fries
Crisps
Cappanianea



**Retail** Fresh







### characteristics

#### **General characteristics**

Breeder: Böhm

Crossing: QUARTA x SEMLO Breedersright: Expired Seedling: BM 77-0945

#### Plant and tuber characteristics

Maturity: maincrop / 5

Light sprout colour: blue violet / BV

Flower colour: white / W Number of berries: none / 8

Foliage - initial development: quite fast / 7
Foliage - final development: good / 8

Foliage - firmness: quite firm / 7

Skin colour: yellow / Y
Flesh colour: yellow / 7
Skin finish: average / 6
Tuber shape: oval long / OL

Regularity of tuber shape: regular / 7

Tuberisation: quite low / 5

Tuber size: large / 8

Regularity of size: regular / 7

Dormancy: long / 8

#### Sensitivity and quality

Secondary growth: quite sensitive / 6

Black spot (internal bruising): quite sensitive / 6

**Growth cracks:** quite sensitive / 6,5 **Harvest damage:** sensitive / 5

Metribuzin - pre-emergence: slightly sensitive / 7,5
Metribuzin - post-emergence: slightly sensitive / 7,5

Bentazon: quite sensitive / 6,5

Ethylene: 5% to 15% more tubers / 6

Underwater weight: 402 Dry matter content: 21,8% Cooking type: floury / BC

Discolouration (after cooking): slightly sensitive / 7

Raw discolouration: slightly sensitive / 7

Fries quality: excellent / 8

Dry matter distribution: average / 6,5

Crisping quality: good / 7

TGA-level: 2,7



## How to grow

#### Fertilization <sup>1</sup>

Nitrogen: standard advice - 10%. Phosphate: standard advice.

Potassium: standard advice + 10%.

#### **Seed treatment**

A short heat shock or proper pre-sprouting is recommended. Proper pre-sprouting after taking off the top sprout can give a positive result on the tuber set.

#### Planting distance

28/35 mm: 25 cm (54.000 plants/ha) 35/55 mm: 30 cm (45.000 plants/ha) 50/55 mm: 40 cm (33.000 plants/ha)

<sup>1</sup> Level of fertilization is based on soil analysis.

#### www.agricopotatoes.com

#### Weeds

A standard use of metribuzin (Sencor), before or after emerge, can give some foliage reaction, but rarely any yield reduction.

#### **Fungicides**

A preventive spraying schedule against late blight is advised.

#### **Harvest**

Due to its sensitivity scores for black spot and/or harvest damage, wait at least three weeks after haulm killing before harvest.

#### Storage - .

Preferred storage temperature is 5 °C. For processing purposes, do not store below 7 °C. Suitable for long term storage.



# Say potato, say Agrico.

#### **Resistances**

Virus - Leaf roll: slightly susceptible / 6
Virus - Yn: slightly to not susceptible / 8
Virus - Yntn (tuber): slightly susceptible / 7
Spraing: slightly susceptible / 7
Late blight - foliage: susceptible / 5,5
Late blight - tuber: slightly susceptible / 7
Fusarium: slightly susceptible / 6,5

Common scab: very susceptible / 4,5

Powdery scab: very susceptible / 3

Black dot: - / -

Wart disease F1: slightly susceptible / 9 Wart disease F6: quite susceptible / 6

Wart disease F18: - / -

Golden nematode Ro 1/4: resistant / 9

Golden nematode Ro 2/3: - / -

White nematode Pa 2: susceptible / 2 White nematode Pa 3: susceptible / 2

