

# Spunta.

Early maincrop ware potato variety with good heat tolerance and producing high yields.

- ▶ **Large tubers**
- ▶ **Good drought tolerance**
- ▶ **High dry matter content**



Traditional



## characteristics

### General characteristics

Breeder: J. Oldenburger  
 Crossing: BEA x USDA 96-56  
 Breedersright: Expired  
 Seedling: Oldenburger 57-88

### Plant and tuber characteristics

Maturity: early maincrop / 6  
 Light sprout colour: blue violet / BV  
 Flower colour: white / W  
 Number of berries: below average / 6,5  
 Foliage - initial development: fast / 8  
 Foliage - final development: good / 8  
 Foliage - firmness: quite firm / 7,5  
 Skin colour: yellow / Y  
 Flesh colour: light yellow / 6  
 Skin finish: average / 6  
 Tuber shape: long / L  
 Regularity of tuber shape: quite regular / 6  
 Tuberisation: average / 6  
 Tuber size: large / 8  
 Regularity of size: regular / 7  
 Dormancy: average / 6

### Sensitivity and quality

Secondary growth: quite sensitive / 6  
 Black spot (internal bruising): slightly sensitive / 7  
 Growth cracks: slightly sensitive / 7  
 Harvest damage: very sensitive / 4  
 Metribuzin - pre-emergence: slightly to not sensitive / 8  
 Metribuzin - post-emergence: slightly to not sensitive / 8  
 Bentazon: - / -  
 Ethylene: - / -  
 Underwater weight: 387  
 Dry matter content: 21%  
 Cooking type: floury / BC  
 Discolouration (after cooking): quite sensitive / 6,5  
 Raw discolouration: - / -  
 Fries quality: average / 6  
 Dry matter distribution: - / -  
 Crisping quality: below average / 5,5  
 TGA-level: -

# How to grow



[www.agricopotatoes.com](http://www.agricopotatoes.com)

## Fertilization <sup>1</sup>

**Nitrogen:** standard advice - 10%.

**Phosphate:** standard advice.

**Potassium:** standard advice + 10%.

## Seed treatment

Proper pre-sprouting after taking off the top sprout can give a positive result on the tuber set. Desprouting more than once can have a negative impact on yield and size regularity.

## Planting distance

28/35 mm: 27 cm (50.000 plants/ha)

35/55 mm: 33 cm (40.000 plants/ha)

## Weeds

A standard use of metribuzin (Sencor), before or after emerge, doesn't give foliage reaction or yield reduction.

## Fungicides

A preventive spraying schedule against late blight is advised.

## Harvest

Due to its sensitivity scores for black spot and/or harvest damage, wait at least three weeks after haulm killing before harvest.

## Storage - .

Preferred storage temperature is 5 °C. Suitable for medium term storage.

<sup>1</sup> Level of fertilization is based on soil analysis.



## Resistances

**Virus - Leaf roll:** slightly susceptible / 6

**Virus - Yn:** slightly susceptible / 6

**Virus - Yntn (tuber):** slightly susceptible / 6

**Spraying:** slightly susceptible / 6

**Late blight - foliage:** susceptible / 5,5

**Late blight - tuber:** susceptible / 5

**Fusarium:** susceptible / 5,5

**Common scab:** susceptible / 5

**Say potato,  
say Agrico.**

**Powdery scab:** susceptible / 5

**Black dot:** - / -

**Wart disease F1:** resistant / 10

**Wart disease F6:** - / -

**Wart disease F18:** - / -

**Golden nematode Ro 1/4:** - / -

**Golden nematode Ro 2/3:** - / -

**White nematode Pa 2:** susceptible / 2

**White nematode Pa 3:** susceptible / 2